

TeVnet

Surveying the Big Machine

John A. Greenwood, LS

Fermilab Alignment & Metrology Group

Accelerator Physics and Technology Seminar Series

February 28, 2006

Glossary

separated by an uncommon language...

- As we are all well aware, <u>words with seemingly clear meaning</u> to surveyors, may need clarification for physicists, and vice-versa!
- Preanalysis = simulation
- Adjustment = Gaussian fit or best-fit
- Sigma, Uncertainty, Coverage Factor all mean about the same thing.
- Leveling: a method for determining the orthometric height of objects.
- Common expression of precision:
 - Physicist 1σ
 - Surveyor 2σ
- Please help expand this list by raising your hand...

• By early 2003, it had come to be obvious that the Tevatron was under performing. The Tevatron Alignment Task Force was formed. TATF asked for a meeting with the Alignment & Metrology Group to discuss methods with which to discover the degree of non-compliance of the Tevatron orbit with respect to an Ideal machine.

What constitutes 'Ideal'

In the early 1980s, Thornton Murphy and Leo Michelotti, among others, devised a strategy to align the Tevatron. They concluded that it was possible to transfer the alignment of the Main Ring to the Tevatron, after applying certain design considerations. The theoretical location for the Murphy plugs, making up what is called the "Murphy Line System," describes the 'ideal' Tevatron. The Murphy Line System was to act as the transfer artifact between the Main Ring and the Tevatron. This assumed, however, that the Main Ring orbit was already sufficiently precise in order to properly affect a useful transfer. A slide later in this presentation will show the precision of their assumption. Had modern surveying equipment such as LaserTrackers and GPS been available, Thornton and Leo may well have chosen a different method.

- By early 2003, it had come to be obvious that the Tevatron was under performing. The Tevatron Alignment Task Force was formed. TATF asked for a meeting with the Alignment & Metrology Group to discuss methods with which to discover the degree of non-compliance of the Tevatron orbit with respect to an *Ideal* machine.
- AMG suggested a *survey conceptually similar to* that undertaken for the *Main Injector*.

- By early 2003, it had come to be obvious that the Tevatron was under performing. The Tevatron Alignment Task Force was formed. TATF asked for a meeting with the Alignment & Metrology Group to discuss methods with which to discover the degree of non-compliance of the Tevatron orbit with respect to an *Ideal* machine.
- AMG suggested a survey conceptually similar to that undertaken for the Main Injector.
- The solution, now known as TeVnet, is a <u>coherent three-dimensional reference frame</u>, planned, implemented, and reviewed toward the objective of improving the operation of the Tevatron.

- This presentation will detail the
 - Planning
 - Implementation
 - Analysis
 - Results
 - Assess the 3D-shape of the current machine componentry.

Acknowledgements

Prime movers

Terry Sager & George Wojcik

Impetus

Norm **Gelfand**, Ray **Stefanski**, Jim **Volk**Tevatron Alignment Task Force

Counsel

Bob Bernstein

Scrutineers

Gary Coppola & Stu Lakanen

GPS review

Virgil Bocean & O'Sheg Oshinowo

Heavy lifters

AMG JSS

Glenda **Adkins**Craig **Bradford**Larry **Horvath**Mike **Smego**

Gary Crutcher

Ed Dijak MSC
Mike O'Boyle Dan Fears

Charles Wilson Ryan McMahon
Jean Wilson Tom Mueller
Randy Wyatt Purdy Smith
Charles Zwicker

ANL

Bill Jansma PPD

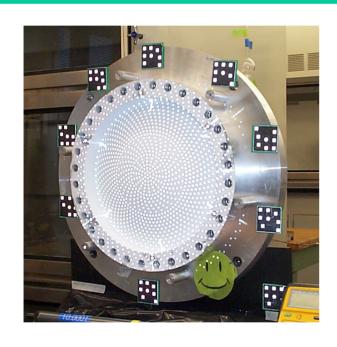
Stan Johnson Tony Rodriguez
Keith Knight Manuel Seals
Scott Peterson Wayne Shaddix
Scott Wesling Gary Teafoe
Jim Wish

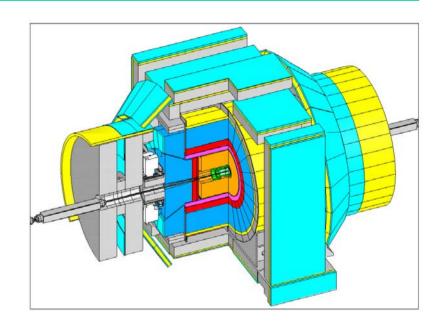
BNL

Terry Mroczkowski

Charles Spataro Cris Banuelos
Mike Rogers

SLAC





Mucool LH2 Absorber window ~ 30 cm

CDF detector ~ 15 m

Examples of 3D coordinate metrology



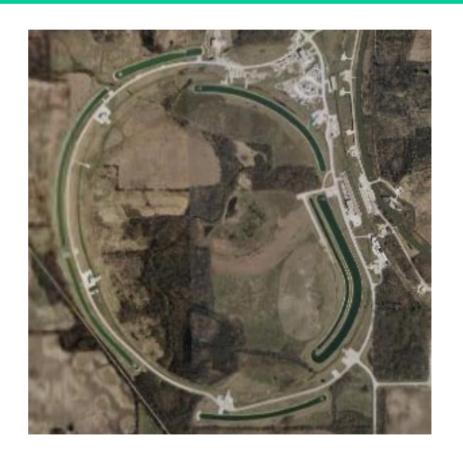


Boeing 777-ER $\sim 75 \text{ m}$

USS Ronald Reagan ~ 320 m

Examples of 3D coordinate metrology

Fermilab's
Main Injector
~ 3.3 km
(~π km)
circumference

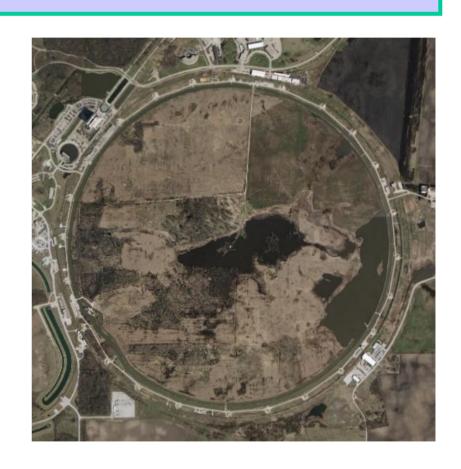


Fermilab's

Tevatron

2π km

circumference



The Tevatron Problem

- After extensive <u>upgrades</u> to the Tevatron, performance and reliability were <u>below</u> <u>expectations</u>.
- Why? Among several reasons, the *current* alignment method, known as the 'Murphy Line System,' makes a reliable orbit, at increased energy levels, much more difficult to obtain.

The Solution

- Bring modern metrology methods and instrumentation* to the alignment of the Tevatron.
- LaserTrackers* in *network mode*
- GPS* using a highly redundant array of receivers
- *Robotic** angle measurements
- Install *ultra-stable* Deep Rod Monuments* (DRM)

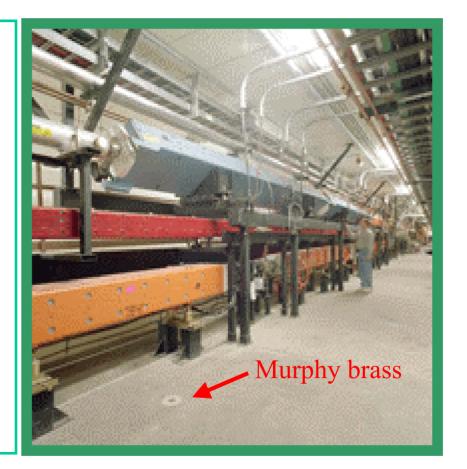
• What is the Tevatron?



- What is the Tevatron?
- A 6.3-km circumference, 1 Trillion electron-volt proton-antiproton accelerator which is used to study the fundamental aspects of nature.



• What is the Murphy Line system?



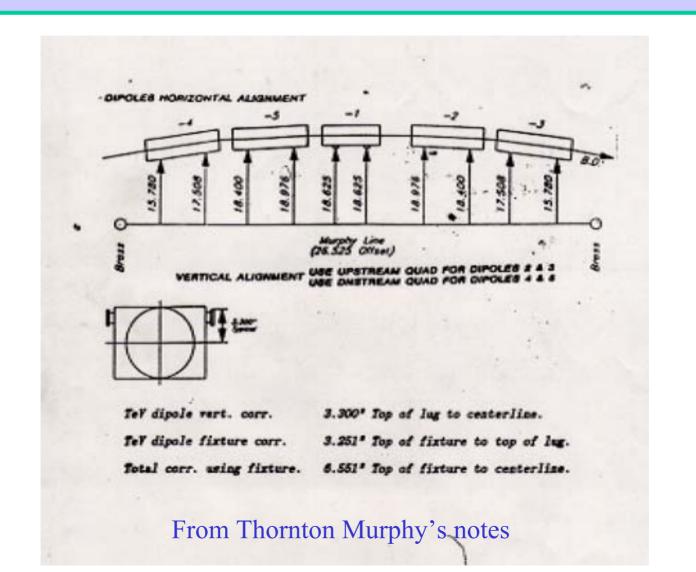
• What is the Murphy
Line system? A series
of 200 unconnected
tangent-offset lines,
inscribed by the the
Tevatron magnet
array.



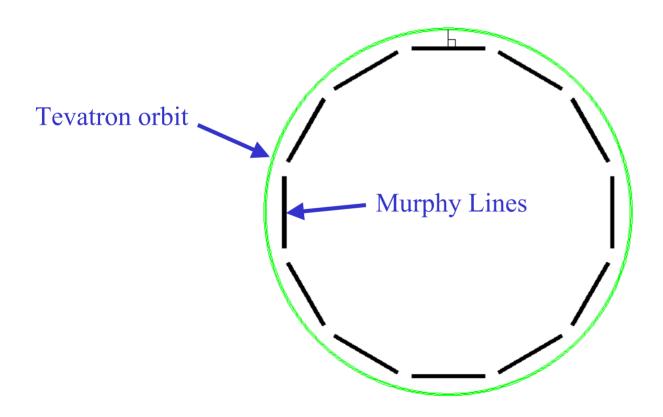
• What's wrong with Murphy's lines? Orbit shape is poorly controlled because each line constrains the alignment of only five local magnets.



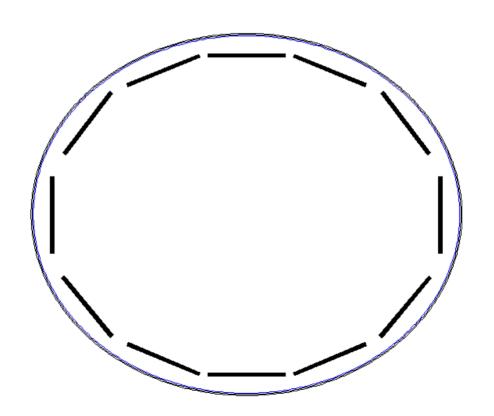
Murphy Line



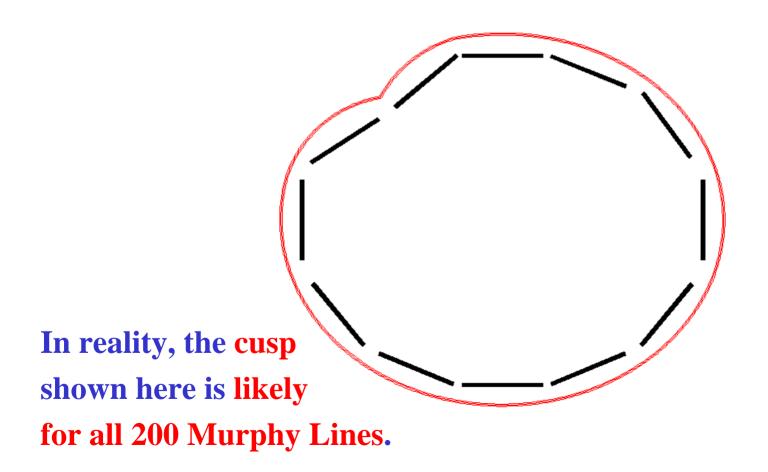
Ideal Murphy Line Orbit



Possible Murphy Line Orbit



Probable Murphy Line Orbit



TATF's Initial Request

• Survey the Murphy brass, establishing coordinates for each of the brass plugs defining the 200 Murphy Line segments.

TATF's Initial Request

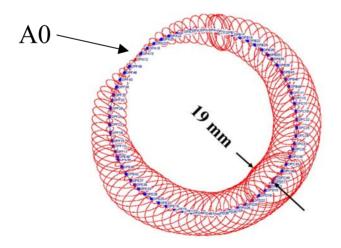
- Survey the Murphy brass, establishing coordinates for each of the brass plugs defining the 200 Murphy Line segments.
- Requested method: Holding the site coordinate system origin fixed, traverse around the ring and tie in each Murphy plug. Desired precision < 2.5mm (1 σ), as measured across the ring 2,000m!

TATF's Initial Request

- Survey the Murphy brass, establishing coordinates for each of the brass plugs defining the 200 Murphy Line segments.
- Requested method: Holding the site coordinate system origin fixed, traverse around the ring and tie in each Murphy plug. Desired precision $< 2.5 \text{mm} (1 \sigma)$, as measured across the ring -2,000 m!
- Why won't this work?

Murphy Line Traverse Preanalysis

Murphy Line Traverse, Coordinates Fixed at A0



Requested method

Figure 1

Not Good Enough

Suggested Remedies

- Open existing sight risers at C0 and F0
- Add new sight risers every ~300 meters!

Not Good Enough

Suggested Remedies

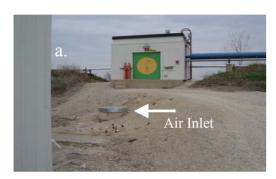
- Open sight risers at two available locations
- Add sight risers every ~300 meters!
- Response: \$\$\$\$ Yikes!!!

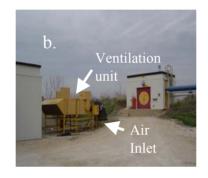
Not Good Enough

Suggested Remedies

- Open sight risers at two available locations
- Add sight risers every ~300 meters!
- Response: \$\$\$\$ Yikes!!!
- Compromise: Implement 12 new sight risers (~ 500 meters), plus opening two existing sight risers

Sight risers





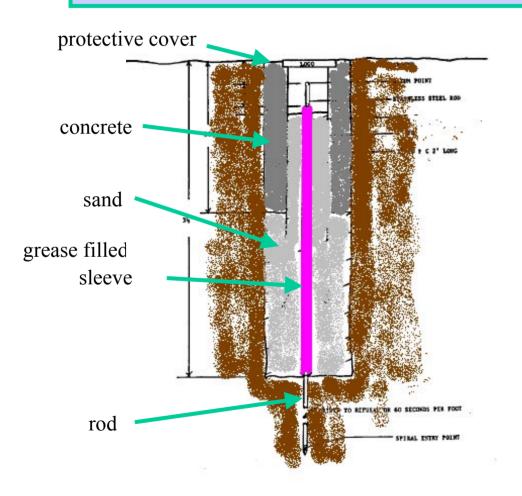








Deep Rod Monument (DRM)





³/₄" Al. rod driven to refusal - 12-25m locally

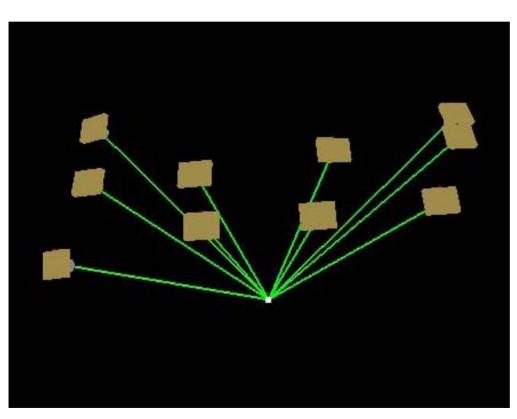
Develop a surface network

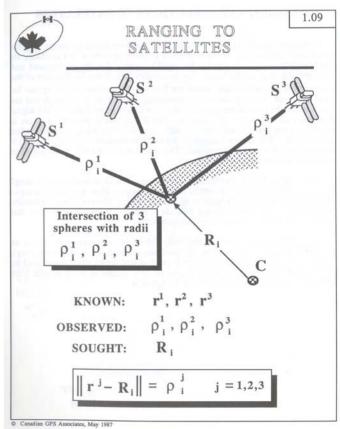
- Control positions of sight risers by a redundant array of seven GPS receivers deployed for 90-120 minute sessions.
- Measure laser distances between sight risers and DRM.
- Level through DRM and sight risers
- Include adjacent elements of accelerator complex

How does GPS work?

- Backpacker mode NOT!
- Navigation mode **NOT!**

Backpacker GPS

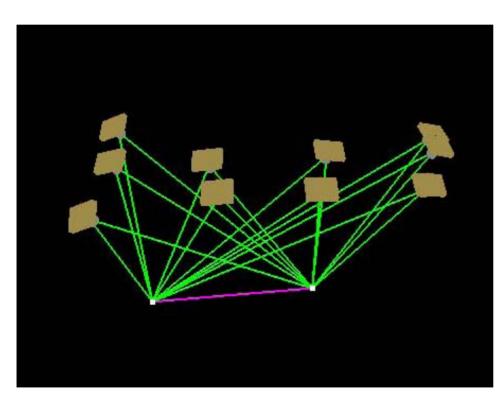




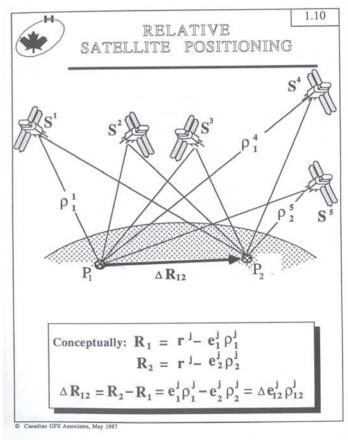
How does precise GPS work?

- Backpacker/navigation mode accuracy 2-10m
- Surveyor (precise) mode

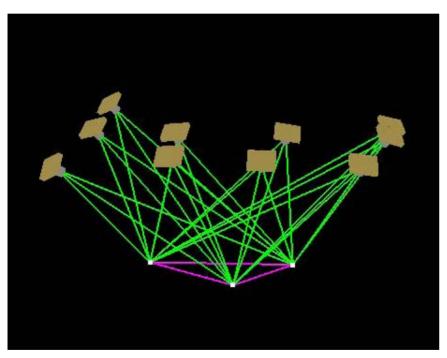
How does precise GPS work?

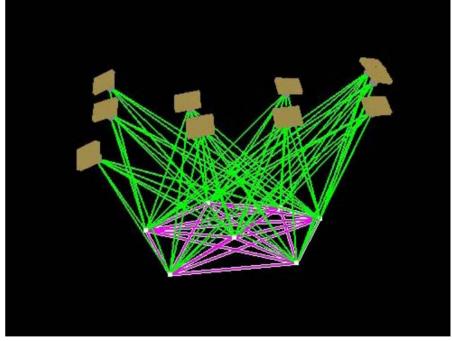


Two receivers



How does precise GPS work?

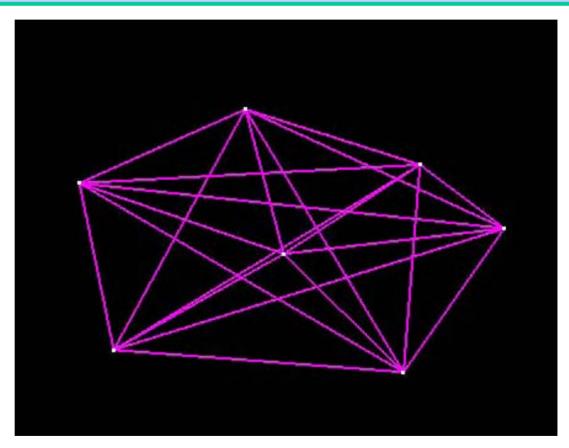




Three receivers

Seven receivers

What you get precise from GPS



 $\Delta X, \Delta Y, \Delta Z$

For all baselines combinations, expressed in the global reference frame

One session yields 21 3D-baselines

New GPS antenna

- Backpacker/navigation mode precision 2-10m
- Geodetic mode As used in TeVnet,
 precision from GPS is limited by antenna
 design and signal multi-path issues.
 Antennas used in TeVnet have phase-center
 precision of 0.5mm; employs stealth
 technology to provide high multi-path
 rejection.

GPS Equipment

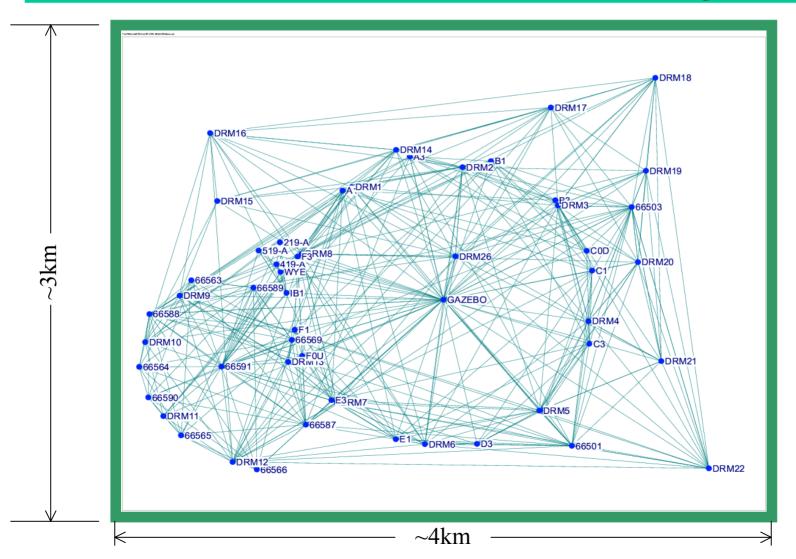




Trimble Zephyr Geodetic antenna with 5700 receiver

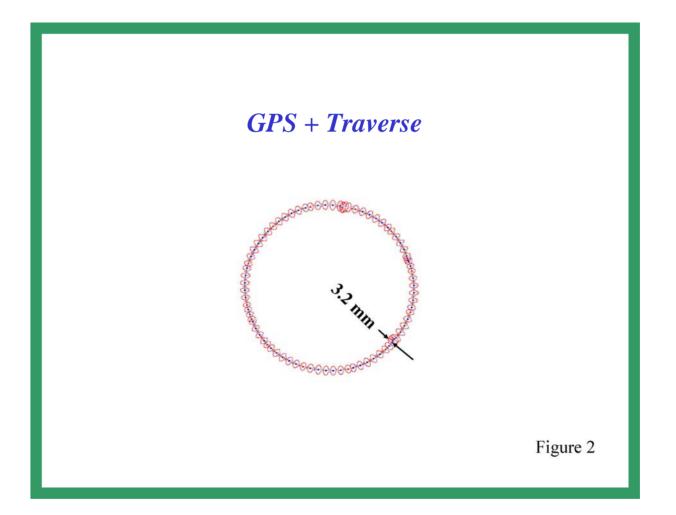
Trimble Zephyr Geodetic antenna on concrete pier

Surface network design GPS + laser distances + leveling



Tunnel Traverse + GPS

14 Sight Riser Surface Network Preanalysis



It's still not good enough!

• What to do? Add LaserTracker tunnel network using Tracker in network mode

LaserTracker

- What is a LaserTracker?
- How does it work?
- What are its limitations?

API LaserTracker

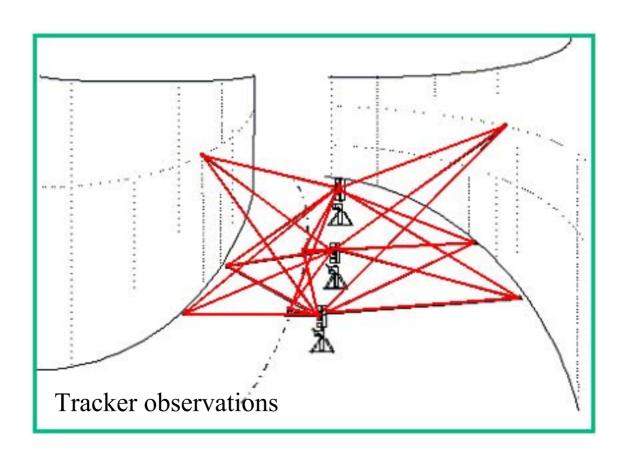
3D spatial accuracy: 5ppm (2 σ) for range up to \sim 40m

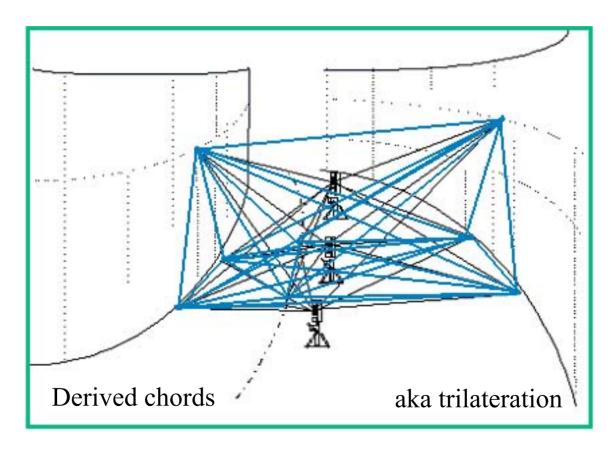


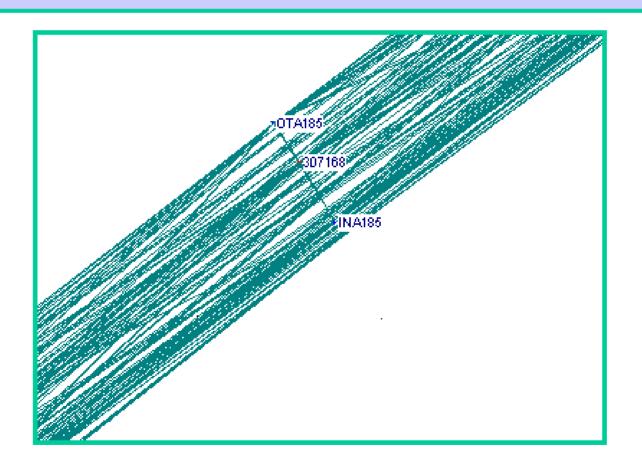
LaserTrackerII plus

1.5" spherically mounted reflector

LaserTracker in network mode







• What are the advantages? The number of effective observations is reduced by ~60%. Self-checking via high redundancy.

- What are the advantages? The number of effective observations is reduced by ~60%. Self-checking via high redundancy.
- What are the limitations? With trilateration, all shape control is lost because there is no remaining angle information included in the Tracker data to constrain the network.

- What are the advantages? The number of effective observations is reduced by $\sim 60\%$
- What are the limitations? With trilateration, all shape control is lost because there is no remaining angle information included in the Tracker data to constrain the network.
- Why use derived chords? Existing software limits the number of observations, thereby limiting the network design strategy.

Is it good enough yet?

- What to do? Add LaserTracker tunnel network using Tracker in network mode.
- Add precise level network in the tunnel

Full Network Preanalysis

GPS + LT + Traverse + Levels + Gyro-azimuth

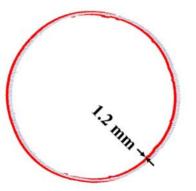
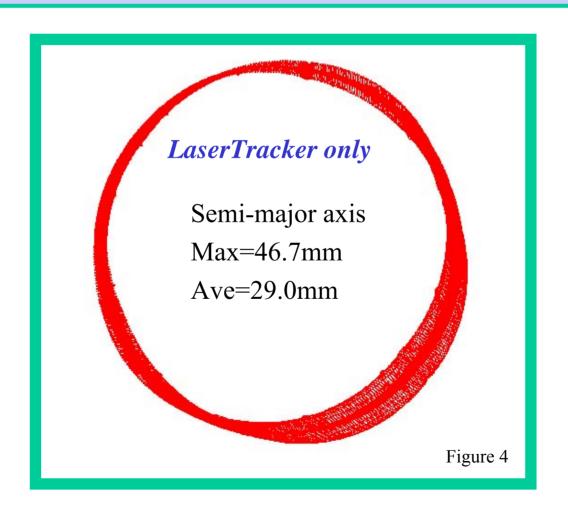


Figure 3

Can the network be leaner?

- What happens if we use only the Laser Tracker?
- Major loss of shape control.

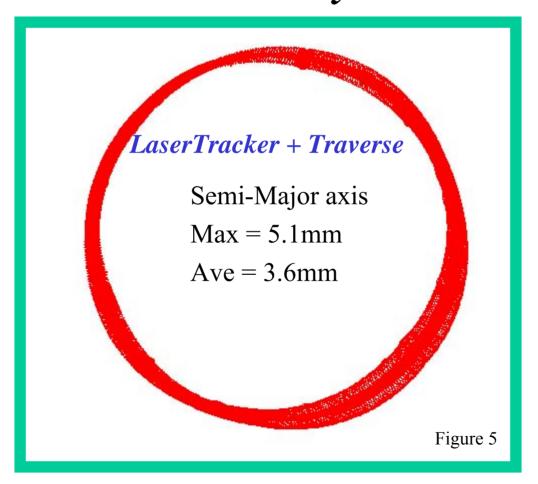
LaserTracker Only Preanalysis



Can the network be leaner?

- What happens if we remove the surface network – use Laser Tracker + Murphy Line Traverse?
- Moderate loss of *shape* control.

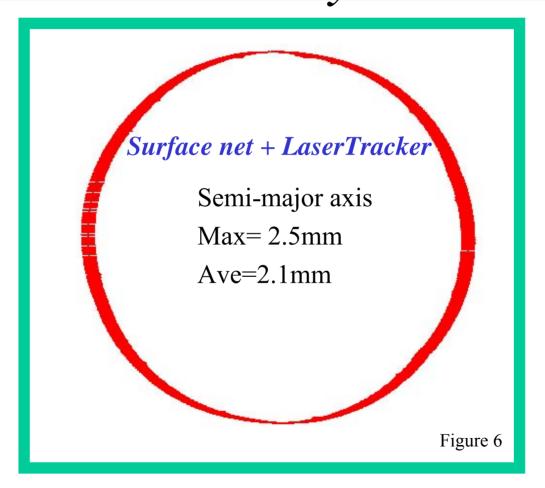
LaserTracker + Traverse Preanalysis



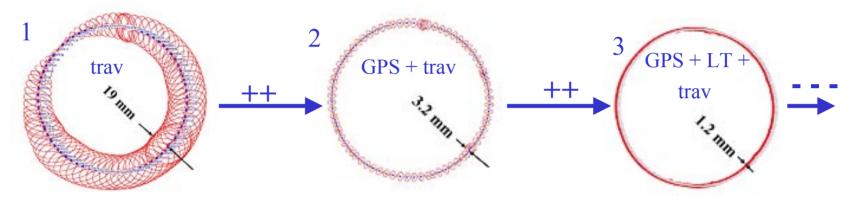
Can the network be leaner?

- What happens if we remove the Murphy Line Traverse Laser Tracker + surface network?
- Loss of *shape* control between sight risers.

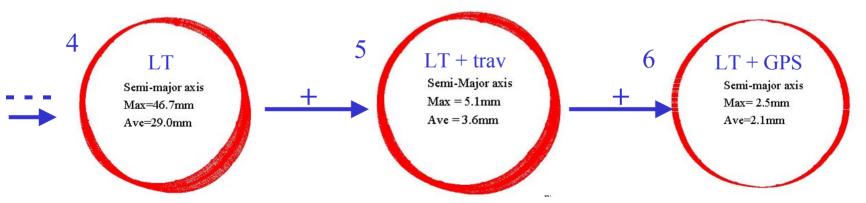
Surface network + LaserTracker Preanalysis



Network Design Evolution design criteria = 2.5mm

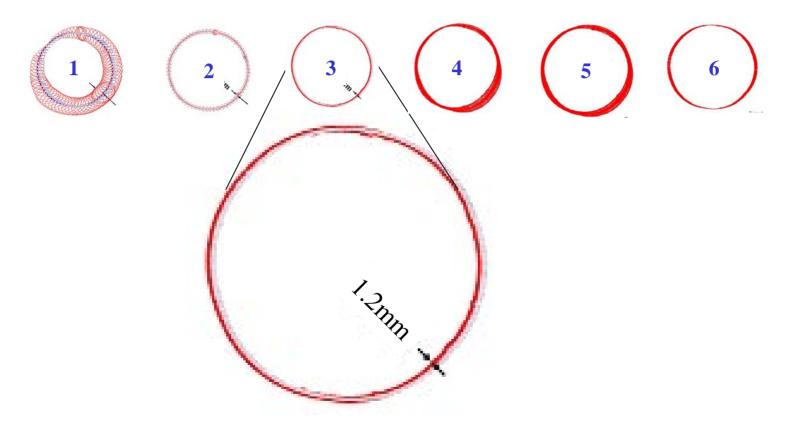


Can we save some time & money?



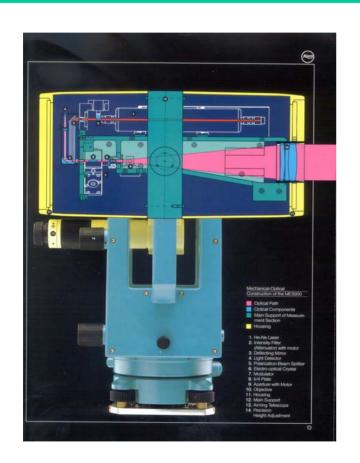
Network Design Evolution

 $design\ criteria = 2.5mm$



The clear winner is design #3

Distance & Azimuth Equipment



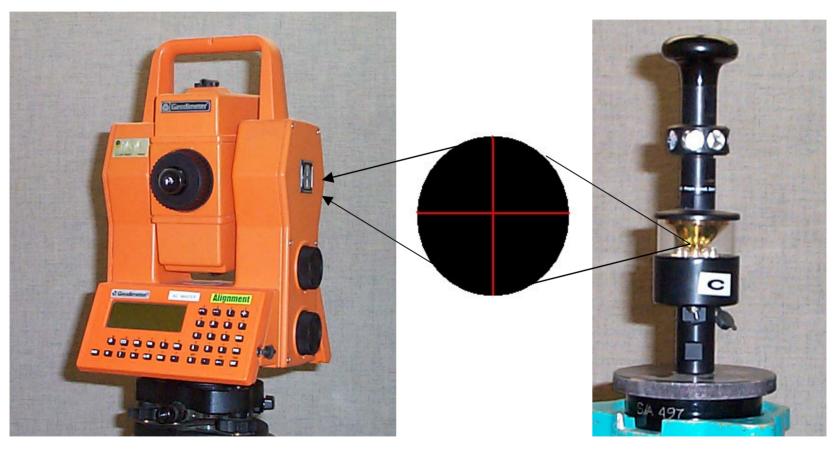


Mekometer ME5000 laser EDM

Gyromat 2000 gyro-azimuth

63

Angle Measuring Equipment



Geodimeter Robotic Total Station Angular precision: ~ 0.25 arc-second

Autolock target

Quadrature diode emitter₆₄

Level Equipment



Leica DNA03 digital level Precision: 0.3mm/√km



Bar code level rod

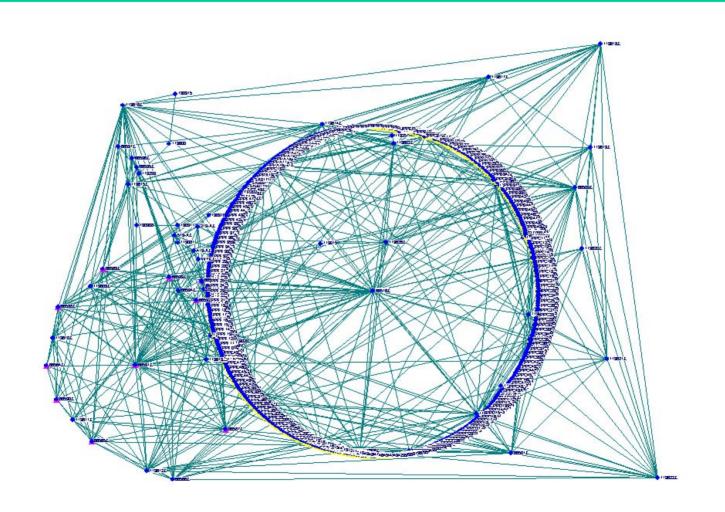
New Software

COLUMBUS* Geodetic Network Adjustment Software

*Because the world isn't flat!



TeVnet Observation Diagram



Resources expended

- 7 staff-months planning
- 550 FTE-weeks fieldwork '03+'04
- 20 staff-months analyzing 2003 data
- 16 staff-months analyzing 2004 data

Body of work

- 482 Tracker setups
- 69,658 Tracker obs
- 29,498 Tracker chords
- 623 GPS baselines
- 141 Mekometer obs
- 24 Gyro-azimuth obs

- 84 Autolock angles
- 14 vertical drops
- 1035 Tunnel elevs
- 86 Surface elevs
- 1940 coordinated pts

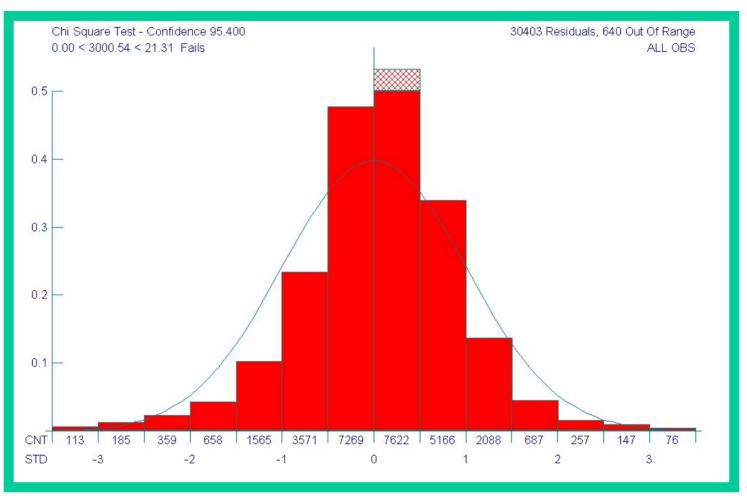
Adjustment Results

- Constrained on 10 primary site pts and local master BM
- Observations: 30,403
- DOF: 23,308
- Outliers: 145
- Rejections: 11

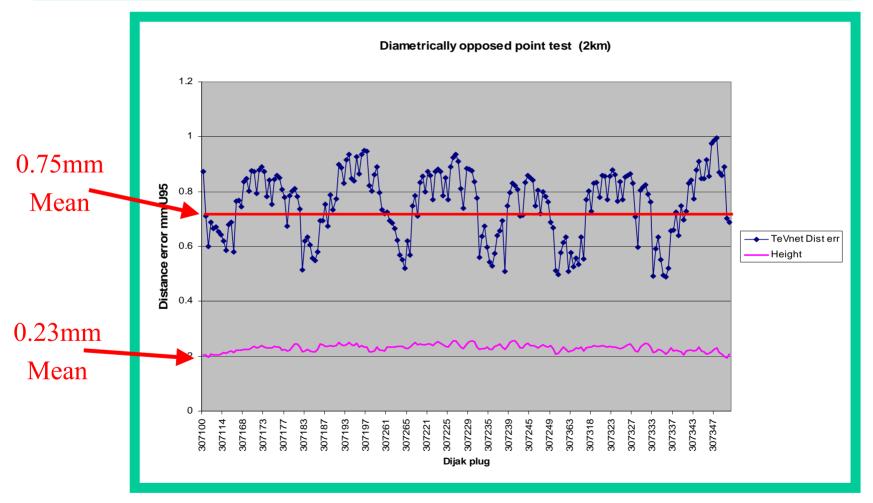
Global precision

- $X_{2\sigma} = 0.65$ mm
- $Y_{2\sigma} = 0.63$ mm
- $Z_{2\sigma} = 0.63$ mm

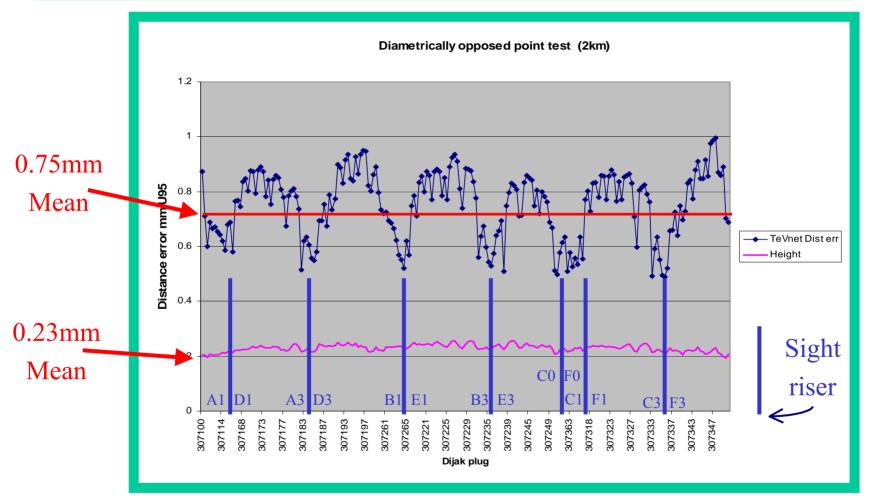
TeVnet Control Histogram 20



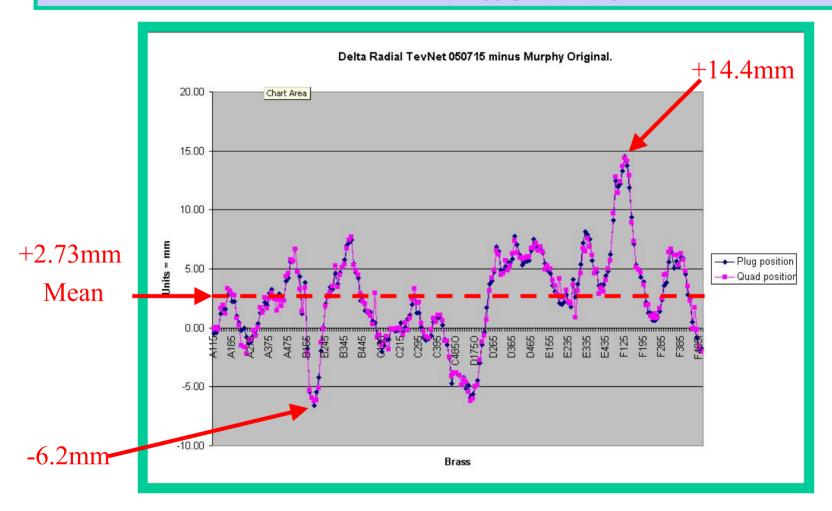
Distance Errors Across the Tev 20 – 2km



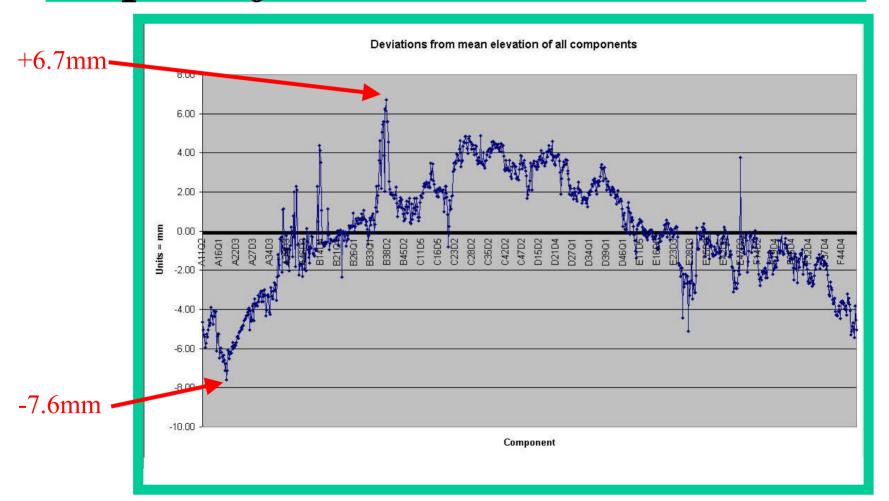
Distance Errors Across the Tev 20 2km



As-found radial deviation from an IDEAL Machine



As-found vertical deviation of the quads from the mean elevation



Mission Accomplished!

Precision across the ring:

 $0.75 \text{mm } 2\sigma << 2.5 \text{mm } 1\sigma$

Delivered

Requested

What's next for TeVnet?

- Surface vertical network annual releveling.
- Install tunnel DRM in the Tevatron and Main Injector.
- Align the Tev with the new data?
- Revise Tracker data analysis software to eliminate derived chord usage.
- Extend the DRM network towards examining stability issues in anticipation of future projects.
- ???

Perhaps FermiNet & ILC?



or...

Fermiville 2020?

Kirk Rd.

